HANDBOOK OF LASER TECHNOLOGY & APPLICATIONS Second Edition

Important Dates

Chapter outline (if requested) Chapter submission April 2017 September 30, 2017

Editor-in-Chief

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Aims and scope

This comprehensive handbook will offer a completely updated and revised guide to lasers and laser systems, including the full range of their technical applications. The first volume outlines the fundamental components of lasers, their properties and working principles, with brand new chapters in many key areas. The second volume gives encyclopedic coverage of different categories of lasers, from solid-state lasers and semiconductor diode lasers to the latest in fiber, gas, vapor, chemical, and dye lasers. The chapters will provide specifics about the operating characteristics and mechanisms that tailor the laser's performance and beam delivery systems. The third volume covers the broad spectrum of modern applications in all aspects of engineering and technology, including updated case studies in telecommunications, medicine, data storage, spectroscopy, optical measurement, earth sciences, astronomy, plasma research, with new areas such as defense and security, nanomaterials processing and characterization.

Technical level

This handbook is written for the student, scientist, and engineer working with lasers, including those who want to explore the field or some related idea for the first time, and those looking for more detailed discussion on areas of broad interest. It will be useful to anyone engaged in the science, technology, industrial or medical applications of lasers, and those researching the subject as managers or investors in technical enterprises. Chapters should be accessible to science or engineering graduates, requiring no more than standard undergraduate knowledge of optics. The presentation should be concise with informative examples, useful tables, and clear illustrations. Technical terms should be defined upon first use.



<u>Length</u>

Each chapter may consist of approximately 15-20 printed pages (although some may be more or less, depending on subject matter and by arrangement with the editors). Figures may be presented in full-color or greyscale, appropriate to the image. Permission grants are required for previously published materials. See following pages for further information and relevant forms.

Chapter contents

For new chapters, please send a detailed chapter outline to confirm coverage by the date indicated above. In general, the structure of chapters in the work should be as follows:

Introduction. Why is this topic interesting and important? What is its range of impact? This section may incorporate some historical background, if pertinent and illuminating.

Definitions. How do you define the scope of this topic, for the purposes of this chapter? It may also be helpful to highlight some key terms with a brief definition.

Core text. The main body addresses essential concepts, techniques, processes, phenomena, applications, etc. Use of examples helps the reader grasp the relationship between more abstract information and actual practice.

Figures and tables. Inclusion of clear, illustrative photographs, diagrams, graphs, and tables is encouraged. Please note that production requires all figures to be submitted as separate, high-resolution files (eg, Figo1.eps, Figo2.tif, Figo3.pdf, etc)

Future directions. A final section may briefly discuss next challenges.

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HANDBOOK OF LASER TECHNOLOGY AND APPLICATIONS

2nd Edition

Part A: Laser Components, Properties, and Basic Principles

Section A1: Laser Components

Laser Components: Section Introduction Gain Media Pumping Mechanisms Optical Cavities: Free-Space Laser Resonators Optical Cavities: Waveguide Laser Resonators Stable and Unstable Resonators Laser Beam Control

Section A2: Laser Properties

Properties of Lasers Monochromaticity Coherence, Interference, Polarization, and Directionality High Brightness and Short Pulse

Section A3: Basic Principles

Principles: Section Introduction Basic Laser Principles Nonlinear Optics Optical Waveguide Theory Optical Detection and Noise Introduction to Numerical Analysis for Laser Systems

Part B: Laser Design and Fabrication

Section B1: Solid State Lasers

Solid State Lasers: Section Introduction Transition Metal Ion Lasers: Cr3+ Transition Metal Ion Lasers: Other than Cr3+ Rare Earth Ion Lasers: Nd3+ Titanium Sapphire Lasers Lanthanide Series Lasers: Near Infrared Rare-Earth Ions: Ce3+, Tm3+,Er3+, Divalent, Actinides such as U³⁺, etc. Host Matrices for Solid State Lasers (thermodynamic and mechanical properties, point groups, crystal structure, optical properties) Energy Level Diagrams Hosting Materials (Y3AI5O12, YAIO3, Y3Ga5O12, Y3Fe5O12, YLiF4, Mg2SiO4, CaF2, AI2BeO4, etc) Dopant Energy Levels in Host Matrices Lasers Based on Nonlinear Effects Solid State Raman Lasers Color Center Lasers



Section B2: Laser Diodes

Laser Diodes: Section Introduction Basic Principles of Laser Diodes Spectral Control in Laser Diodes High-Speed Laser Diodes and Laser Diode Arrays Visible Laser Diodes: Properties of III–V Red-Emitting Laser Diodes Visible Laser Diodes: Properties of Blue Laser Diodes Vertical-Cavity Surface-Emitting Lasers Long Wavelength Laser Diodes (InGaAs, GaAlAs) Semiconductor Lasers and Optical Amplifiers for Switching and Signal Processing Quantum Cascade Lasers Silicon-Based Lasers

Section B3: Gas/Vapor Lasers

Gas/Vapor Lasers: Section Introduction Atomic Gas Lasers: Helium–Neon Lasers Atomic Gas Lasers: Helium–Cadmium Laser Ion Lasers: Argon Ion Lasers Ion Lasers: Krypton Ion Lasers Vapor Lasers: Copper Lasers Vapor Lasers: Zinc and Gold Vapor Lasers Molecular Lasers: Carbon Dioxide Lasers Molecular Lasers: Nitrogen Lasers Excimer Lasers: Introduction Excimer Lasers: Construction and Working Principles Excimer Lasers: Ar2, Kr2, F2, Xe2, ArF, KrF, XeBr, XeCl, XeF, KrCl Excimer Lasers: KrF, XeCl Diode-Pumped Alkali Lasers (DPALs)

Section B4: Chemical Lasers

Chemical Lasers: COIL Chemical Lasers: HF/DF

Section B5: Fiber and Waveguide Lasers

Fiber and Waveguide Lasers: Section Introduction Fiber Lasers High Power Fiber Lasers Cascaded Raman Fiber Lasers Soliton Lasers Erbium and Other Doped Fiber Amplifiers High-Power Waveguide Lasers



Section B6: Dye Laser

Basic Principles of the Dye Laser Singlet and Triplet States and Intersystem Crossing Types of Dyes with Their Ranges of Operations and Efficiencies Solid-State Dye Lasers Organic Dye Lasers

Section B7: Other Lasers

Other Lasers: Section Introduction Free Electron Lasers and Synchrotron Light Sources X-ray Lasers Liquid Lasers Quantum Dot Lasers Optically Pumped Mid-IR Lasers: NH3, C2H2 Far-IR Lasers: HCN, H2O Terahertz Lasers

Part C: Laser System Design

Section C1: Optical Components

Optical Components: Section Introduction Optical Components Optical Control Elements Adaptive Optics and Phase Conjugate Reflectors Optomechanical Parts Power Conditioning: Supplies for Driving Semiconductor Laser Diodes Power Conditioning: Supplies for Driving Gas Discharges (Gas and Solid State Lasers) Power Conditioning: Supplies for Driving Flash Tubes and Arclamps for Solid State Lasers

Section C2: Optical Pulse Generation

Optical Pulse Generation: Section Introduction Quasi-CW and Modulated Beams (Q-swithing & mode locking) Short Pulses Ultrashort Pulses Attosecond Pulse Generation Pulse Shaping for Stretching and Compression

Section C3: Harmonic Generation

Harmonic Generation: Materials and Methods Optical Parametric Devices Laser Stabilization for Precision Measurements Frequency Conversion and Filtering



Section C4: Beam Delivery

Beam Delivery: Section Introduction Basic Principles Free-Space Optics Fiber Optic Beam Delivery Positioning and Scanning Systems

Section C5: Laser Beam Management

Laser Beam Measurement: Section Introduction Beam Propagation Detectors Laser Energy and Power Measurement Irradiance and Phase Distribution Measurement Polarization and Profile Measurments Pulse Measurements

Section C6: Laser Safety

Laser Safety: Section Introduction Laser Safety

Part D: Applications

Section D1: Bulk Materials Processing Materials Processing: Section Introduction Welding Cutting Laser Marking Drilling Photolithography Laser Micromachining Rapid Manufacturing Pulsed Laser Deposition of Thin Films

Section D2: Nanomaterials Processing

Thin Films by Pulsed Laser Deposition Lasers for Surface Texturing in Nano/microfabrication Nanomaterials and Structures by Laser Ablation Laser Chemical Vapor Deposition Laser Pyrolysis Laser-Induced Forward Transfer (LIFT) Laser Ablation in Liquids



Section D3: Nanomaterials Characterizations

Laser Raman Spectroscopy Laser Scattering Spectroscopy: Rayleigh Scattering, Dynamic Light Scattering Fast and Ultrafast Spectroscopy for Transient Dynamic Measurements Nonlinear Optical Characterization of Nanomaterials

Section D4: Optical Metrology

Optical Measurement Techniques: Section Introduction Fundamental Length Metrology Laser Velocimetry Laser Vibrometers Electronic Speckle Pattern Interferometry (ESPI) Optical Fiber Hydrophones Optical Fiber Bragg Grating Sensors for Strain Measurement High-Speed Imaging Particle Sizing

Section D5: Biomedical Applications

Medical: Section Introduction Light–Tissue Interactions Therapeutic Applications: Introduction Therapeutic Applications: Ophthalmology Therapeutic Applications: Refractive Surgery Therapeutic Applications: Photodynamic Therapy Therapeutic Applications: Thermal Treatment of Tumors Therapeutic Applications: Dermatology, Selective Photothermolysis Therapeutic Applications: Lasers in Vascular Surgery Therapeutic Applications: Free-Electron Laser Medical Diagnostics Laser Applications in Biology and Biotechnology Biomedical Laser Safety

Section D6: Optical Communications

Communications: Section Introduction The Basic Point-to-Point Communications System High-Capacity Optical Transmission Systems Local Area Networks Fiber-to-the-Chip: Development of Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser Arrays Designed for Integration with VLSI Circuits Optical Satellite Communications Smart Pixel Technologies and Optical Interconnects Precision Timekeeping: Optical Atomic Clocks Augmented Reality Devices



Section D7: Optical Information Storage

Optical Information Storage: Section Introduction Optical Data Storage Lasers in Printing 3D Printing and Additive Manufacturing

Section D8: Laser Spectroscopy of Atoms, Ions and Molecules

Spectroscopy: Section Introduction Laser Cooling and Trapping Ion Trapping and Laser Applications to Length and Time Metrology Time-Resolved Spectroscopy

Section D9: Lasers in Earth and Environmental Sciences

Earth and Environmental Sciences: Section Introduction Satellite Laser Ranging Lidar for Atmospheric Ozone Remote Sensing Laser-Induced Fluorescence (LIF) Detection of Vegetation and Microbes

Section D10: Lasers in Astronomy

Lasers in Astronomy: Section Introduction Lasers in Astronomy

Section D11: Holography

Holography: Holographic Optical Elements and Computer-Generated Holography Holography: Holographic Optical Elements—Diffractive Optics

Section D12: Lasers in Plasma Research

High-Intensity Lasers for Plasma Studies: Section Introduction High-Power Lasers for Plasma Physics High-Power Lasers and the Extreme Conditions They Produce

Section D13: Lasers for Defense and Security

Lasers for Defense and Security: Section Introduction High-Energy Lasers for Defense Laser Sensors for Security and Surveillance Laser-Guided Missiles and Laser Guns



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- Do not format your manuscript. All layout will be completed during the production process according to the appropriate internal style of the book.
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<u>Book</u>

Woods, David D. and Erik Hollnagel. 2006. Joint cognitive systems. Boca Raton: Taylor & Francis. • In text: (Woods and Hollnagel 2006)

Book chapter

Wiens, J. A. 1983. Avian community ecology: An iconoclastic view. In Perspectives in ornithology, ed. A. H. Brush, and G. A. Clark, 355-403. Cambridge: Cambridge Univ. Press. • In-text: (Wiens 1983)

Journal article

Terborgh, J. 1974. Preservation of natural diversity. BioScience 24: 715-22. • In-text: (Terborgh 1974)

VI. Submission to the book editor

- TEXT Chapter title Author(s) and affiliation(s) *Contact author's email address Abstract (150-200 words) Text, references, figure captions, tables
- FIGURES Separate high-res files (pdf, eps, tif, etc) Any necessary permissions

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<u>Line drawings</u>: Must have a minimum resolution of 1200 dpi or greater and should be created in a vector art program (such as Illustrator) and saved as .eps in grayscale or CMYK color mode.

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